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SPRING 1931

FALL 1931

Price List

All Kinds of Plants, Trees and Nursery Stock



J.A. Bauer

"THE STRAWBERRY PLANT MAN"

Lock Box 168

Judsonia,

Arkansas

Greetings

This past summer has been one of the worst summers for the growing of berries and plants we have ever had and it has extended all over the United States this time. While the crop of plants, as a whole, is shorter than usual, yet the quality is as good or better than usual. We will be glad to have your order again this season. We can furnish you this season with fruit trees, shrubbery, Blackberry and Raspberry plants as well as Rhubarb and Asparagus Roots, Onion and Cabbage plants. Every thing we sell you we give the same iron clad guarantee we have with our berry plants. We ask that if you have friends who need any of our stock to tell them of us and oblige us. We thank you for many past favors and wish you success.

Yours for better fruits, J. A. BAUER.

Shipments—We pack all our plants in slatted crates. We guarantee safe arrival on all shipments to April 10. After that date they travel at purchaser's risk. We do not advise any shipments of berry plants by freight as it is not safe; we advise that all shipments be either by express or mail.

We use lots of damp moss around the roots and the plants should arrive as fresh as the day we ship them. We have tested our packing this fall, by letting some four crates stay in the packing house for twenty days and when we unpacked them most all of the plants were still good. Most all of the plants we ship reach our patrons in from one to five days, so we know by this test that plants will arrive any place in good order.

Terms—We ask cash before shipment is made or will take one-half cash and the balance c. o. d., you to pay for return of c. o. d. You may send check if you will add 15 cents for exchange, or bank draft or money order as you wish.

Mail Orders—On our mail orders we send you just as large plants as if they went by express, and we sell as few as twenty-five berry plants of one variety and all we ask is for you to make your order for \$1.00 or more as we don't fill orders for less than that amount. In case you want plants sent by mail, c. o. d., for one half, you will have to pay return of money and fee for c. o. d. shipments. We guarantee safe arrival by mail as well as by express.

Prompt Shipments—When you get ready for your plants, what you want is service and that we have. We can pack and ship three million plants per week and do it easily; and if you place your order with us, weather

permitting us to dig stock, you will get quick service and the best plants grown. When my father, Jacob C. Bauer, started this business in 1880, little did he think that the business would grow until it was the largest of its kind in the entire southwest, but such is the case. We ship more plants than any other four growers combined in our section. Don't forget that if you have friends who want good plants to pass the good word along that we have them.

Packing House—My packing house is located onehalf mile from the express office. We get orders off some times one hour after receipt of same and we use every effort to give you quick service. So, if you are in a hurry for plants send orders to me and we will do the rest. Every patron must be a pleased patron. We make you one if for any reason you are not satisfied.

DESCRIPTIONS OF VARIETIES

I don't grow a big list but every variety we offer does well in the south and southwest and we dig up all the rows. We give you the best plants. All plants we sell were set last spring and we never dig up from two year old beds. You'll make no mistake in placing your order with us.

Excelsior, Per.—The very earliest berry grown and one which is a fine berry for home use. They make a nice, dark red berry which makes the finest of jelly and preserves of any berry grown. We advise all to plant at least some of this grand old variety.

Thompson, Per.—The old Lady Thompson, impproved over the old variety. This variety is firmer; is a good fruiter and will carry well any place. A good plant maker, will stand hot dry summers well. Season is about a week later than Excelsior and the Excelsior comes on right after the last frost. They can't be earlier than the Excelsior. This Thompson variety does well all over the southwest.

Missionary, Per.—This berry is the leading sort for the south. They grow them with success in Florida, Alabama, and South Texas, and we fill all orders to million lots and advise the planting of them in above states. Season second early; a good selling berry.

Imp. Klondike, Per.—A good all around berry. The one we sell more plants of than any other variety of its season. We can furnish them in any amounts wanted. We guarantee satisfaction on all your orders for this grand berry. I introduced this berry and know it to be a good berry. Try them.

Dunlap, Per.—This variety does well in the north-

ern and western states. We don't like them for the south as they are not as good as others of the same season in this section. We have the pure stock of them; we can fill all orders.

Aroma, Per.—This berry, for its season, sells more than any of the later varieties. We sell more of them each year than all other kinds combined for late fruiting. We have plenty of the best plants and can fill all orders, large or small. Hope to have your Aroma orders.

Gandy, Per.—And old late variety, about four days later than Aroma; a good one.

Champion K., Per.—A new early berry; large size; very productive and a good shipper; they will pay to plant.

St. Louis, Per.—The best early berry grown today for home and nearby markets; we know of no better berry to grow than the St. Louis; yield is greater than any variety we have ever grown for any season of the year. You can make 400 crates per acre from St. Louis. Don't fail to plant them. Originated and introduced by me.

Evening Star, Per.—The best real late berry of all, at least a week later than Aroma; will last a week to ten days after Aroma are gone. Big, strong plants, very large berries. We have grown both Evening Star and St. Louis where 12 berries filled a quart well rounded up. Don't fail to plant these two grand new berries; introduced by

Premier, Per.—A berry grown with success in the east and north; not so good for the south.

Mastodon, Per.—The greatest everybearing berry grown and one that will please you. Large to very large in size; a sure cropper all summer.

Rockingham, Per.—This is a grand new late berry that ripens with the Aroma and is a very productive variety. We like them fine. This berry is a fine one for home markets or for long distance shipments either. We have not had a new variety for years as good as the Rockingham. We consider them one of the very best varieties grown.

Texas, Per.—This is a grand old variety we have listed again as we have had many in the past two years who wanted this variety, and so we have added them to our list. They are of second season, a little later than Excelsior. They are great to make a second crop through the summer months; of good size, good flavor and very productive. Don't fail to try them. We have the pure stock,

Banner, Per.—This variety is grown extensively in Oregon and California and does well for them in that

section. We got our original stock from California. It makes big, strong plants; season is with the Improved Klondike.

Blakemore, Per.—This berry we got from North Carolina and it came highly recommended by the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

They say 90 per cent of the fruit will run number one grade, and that is a great thing for any berry. We had a few to fruit last season and we find them well colored, a firm berry, a fine flavor and a berry that we feel sure it will pay you to plant. Season with Missionary and Imp. Klondike, but it is much more productive and a better fruit, we think. Don't fail to try them. We think we have the berry to take the place of Missionary and Imp. Klondike all over the South. We advise you strongly to try them and you know I never insist unless I know my advice is good for you. We never insist on our patrons buying any plants which we don't think will be of great help to them, for your success means mine.

PRICE LIST OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS

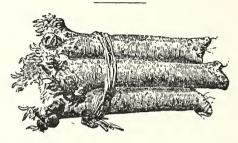
	(Post F	Paid)	(Express		
Variety	25	50	100	250	500	1,000	5,000
						to	to
						5000	10000
						Per	Per
						1,000	1,000
Excelsior,\$.45	\$.75	\$1.25	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$3.50	\$3.25
Imp. Klondike	.45	.75	1.25	1.50	2.50	3.50	3.25
Missionary,	.45	.75	1.25	1.50	2.50	3.50	3.25
Dunlap,	.45	.75	1.25	1.50	2.50	3.50	3.25
Imp. Thompson, .	.45	.75	1.25	1.50	2.50	3.50	3.25
Aroma,	.50	.85	1.50	1.75	3.00	4.50	4.25
Gandy,	.50	.85	1.50	1.75	3.00	4.50	4.25
Rockingham,	.50	.85	1.50	1.75	3.00	4.50	4.25
Champion K.,	.50	.85	1.50	1.75	3.00	4.50	4.25
Premier,	.50	.85	1.50	1.75	3.00	4.50	4.25
St. Louis,	.65	.90	1.50	2.00	3.50	6.00	5.50
Evening Star,	.65	.90	1.50	2.00	3.50	6.00	5.50
Texas,	.65	.90	1.50	2.00	3.50	6.00	5.50
Banner,	.85	1.10	2.00	3.50	6.00	10.00	9.50
Blakemore,	.85	1.10	2.00	3.50	6.00	10.00	9.50
Progressive,	.85	1.10	2.00	3.50	6.00	10.00	9.50
Mastodon,	1.00	1.75	3.00	4.00	7.50	15.00	14.50
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All lots of 25 to 100 we send post paid at prices named and all lots of 250 and up are shipped express collect.

All of the above are perfect blooming varieties. We ask that you order plants as priced above. We do not allow you to make up an order of 500 of three different kinds at these prices, but sell each variety at price listed, all of the one kind. If you have a mixed order you wish prices on, send your list for special prices. In making out your order write very plainly as we only have your writ-

ing to go by and many times it is so dim or so hard to read we get the name wrong, so we ask you as a favor to write plainly. While my list is not large, yet all are a success in the southwest and you will make no mistake in planting any of the varieties we list.

HORSERADISH ROOTS



We have the Maliner variety. This is fine for growing in your garden for making sauce and it will stand hard winters. 10, \$1.00; 25, \$1.75; 50, \$2.50; 100, \$4.00.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

We have our cabbage plants grown in South Texas and we have found them very satisfactory in every way. Varieties are Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Flat Dutch, Succession, Copenhagen. We offer in crates of 2,500 plants. Per crate, \$4.00, f. o. b. shipping point. We don't fill orders for less than crate lots.

This season we will ship all Onion and Cabbage Plants in crate or basket lots from our growers. We price them f. o. b. shipping point in South Texas. We shipped plants last winter when most every grower had his stock frozen out for some time. We filled all orders as we have our plants grown far enough south where they don't freeze out. We hope to have your orders for these plants.

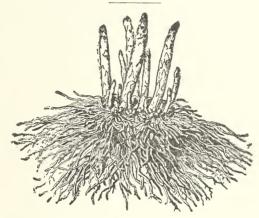
RHUBARB ROOTS



We can furnish you this grand garden plant, one

of the very earliest things to come on for pies or relishes and it is a good tonic for anyone. We furnish you 1 year, divided roots, variety Victoria: 10, \$1.50; 25, \$2.50; 50, \$3.00; 100, \$4.25; 250, \$10.00; 500, \$15.00.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS



We have one year old roots. We ship post paid in lots of 10 to 100. Over that amount we ship express collect. We can give you Palmetto at the following prices: 10, \$1.00; 25, \$2.00; 50, \$3.00; 100, \$4.25; 250, \$4.25; 500, \$7.50; 1,000, \$14.00.

ONION PLANTS

Yellow Bermuda and Crystal White Wax. Fine, well

grown, pencil size plants, 6,000 to the crate.

Crate lots, all of one kind: \$4.00; 5 crate lots, \$3.40; 10 crate lots, 60,000 plants, \$3.00 per crate, f. o. b. shipping point. You must order full crate lots of one kind to get these prices. We do not fill orders for less than crate lots. We guarantee safe arrival on all stock and we can ship any day now you want, either cabbage or onion plants. My grower is one of the best growers in Texas; we have found him honest and we know that he grows good plants. We can fill orders very promptly and accept all orders subject to freezing weather getting plants, as we have no control over weather conditions.

Treatment of Trees, Etc., That Have Been Frozen in the Package or Received During Frosty Weather

Put them unopened in a cellar or some other cool, protected place, free from frost, or cover them up heavily or entirely with earth until they are fully thawed out, when they can be unpacked and planted or placed in trenches until convenient to plant. Treated in this way they will not be injured by the freezing.

Suitable Distance for Planting

Feet	Feet
Apples, Standard25 to 40	Grapes 6 by 8
Apples, Dwarf 6 to 8	Currants 3 by 4
Pears, Standard18 to 20	Gooseberries3 by 5
Pears, Dwarf10 to 12	Raspberries, Red 3 by 6
Peaches	Raspberries, Black .3 by 6
Nectarines & Apricots 18 to 20	Blackberries3 by 8
Cherries, Sweet18 to 20	Strawberries, in row. 1 by 31/2
Cherries, Sour18 to 20	Strawberries, in bed . 11/2 by 11/2
Plums	Asparagus, in beds .1 by 11/2
Quinces 8 to 10	Asparagus, in field .1 by 3

Number of Trees and Plants on An Acre at Various Distances

at various	Distances	
1 by 1 ft43,560	5 by 5 ft	742
2 by 1 ft	6 by 6 ft	210
2 by 2 ft10,890	8 by 8 ft	680
3 by 1 ft14,520	10 by 10 ft	435
3 by 2 ft	12 by 12 ft	302
3 by 3 ft	15 by 15 ft	193
4 by 1 ft	16 by 16 ft	170
4 by 2 ft 5,445	18 by 18 ft	134
4 by 3 ft	20 by 20 ft	108
4 by 4 ft	25 by 25 ft	69
5 by 2 ft 4,356	30 by 30 ft	48
5 by 3 ft	33 by 33 ft	66
5 by 4 ft	·	

The number of plants required for an acre, at any given distance apart may be ascertained by dividing the number of square feet in an acre (43,560) by the number of square feet given to each plant, which is obtained by multiplying the distance between the rows by the distance between the plants. Thus, strawberries planted 3 feet by 1 foot gives each plant 3 square feet, or 14,520 plants to the acre.

PEACHES

ARP BEAUTY.—Yellow, with bright blush; a firm, juicy and excellent Peach of unusually good flavor; free stone; ripe the last of June.

EARLY WHEELER.—Originated by Mr. E. W. Kirkpatrick, in his experimental orchards at McKinney, Texas. The most profitable Peach grown for commercial purposes. The fruit is large, very handsome, a clear cream overspread with crimson; cling; ripens with Alexander—May to June in the Peach Belt. Very showy and always attracts attention on the market.

ELBERTA CLING.—Like Elberta, except that it is a cling. It is a seedling of Elberta, large yellow, round with a bright red cheek. Good for eating and especially fine for pickling, canning, and preserving. Tree is a strong, vigorous grower and wonderfully productive.

HOBSON.—Large; red cheeked; showy; cling; of excellent quality; firm; consequently a good shipper. Tree very vigorous and a heavy bearer. Ripe in June and July.

MAYFLOWER.—A "red all over" Peach; handsome, and of splendid quality. Fine for home orchards and finds ready sale on the market. Not so good for commercial orchards as Early Wheeler, but should be in every home orchard. Ripens in May; semi-cling.

BELLE OF GEORGIA.—The best white peach for home and commercial planting, after Early Wheeler. Ripens a week before Elberta. This is the famous Belle of Georgia; free stone; of splendid quality; very large; showy.

CHAMPION.—Freestone; white with red cheek. Large size: juicy, sweet, and delicious. Bears young and the tree is very vigorous. July and August.

CHINESE CLING.—Oblong; creamy, occasionally tinged red; juicy; ripe in July and August. Well known, popular, good for home orchards and nearby markets.

EARLY CRAWFORD.—Large, yellow freestone, ripens in July.

LATE CRAWFORD.—A superb large, yellow peach. One of the best. Late September,

ELBERTA.—The most widely known of all Peaches. Very attractive in appearance; large size; deep yellow, splashed crimson; perfect freestone; ripens in midsummer. Can be grown profitably in the North, South, East, and West. Tree very vigorous and highly productive.

INDIAN CLING.—Fruit large, dark brown, with deep red veins, downy; flesh dark red, juicy, and of rich flavor; an old standard sort; cling. August.

STINSON.—White, red cheeks; regular, one of the best all-around late peaches; clingstone. October.

NIAGARA.—A very large, yellow peach, ripening between Crawford and Elberta; surpassing both in size, color, quality, and vigor.

ROCHESTER.—A yellow freestone variety having the exceptional merits of being early (ripening about August 10), extraordinary sweetness and early bearing. Fruit is large, yellow, sweet, juicy, and of delicious flavor; keeping and shipping well; skin prettily blushed. Tree is strong growing and hardy, an annual and prolific cropper.

J. H. HALE.—Probably no new peach has ever been introduced claiming to be so much superior in all ways. It averages one-third to one-half larger than Elberta, ripens about five days earlier and is much superior in flavor. Color a beautiful goldenyellow, with deep carmine blush. It has been tested and largely planted in many sections of the country.

HEATH CLING.—An old favorite. Large, creamy white; thin skin; white flesh, very firm. Fine for preserves and pickles. Ripe in August.

III Augus

LEMON CLING.—Large; oblong, pointed; bright yellow with red cheeks; flesh yellow, juicy, and good. One of the best canning and preserving peaches. Ripe in August.

MAMIE ROSS.—One of the most widely planted of the white peaches in the South. It is extremely hardy and very productive. Semi-cling; ripe ten days before Elberta. Cream-colored, ofter marked with red. Skin tough, though rather thin; ships well if picked before fully ripe. Flesh white, tinged with red near the seed. Tender, juicy, sweet, and of good quality.

MATTHEW.—A fine Georgia peach; large; yellow; of fine quality; similar to Elberta but ripening two weeks later; freestone. A fine home and market peach.

SALWAY.—An excellent late peach; large size; freestone; yellow with brownish red cheek; flesh deep yellow; excellent flavor; very abundant bearer. Succeeds over a wide range; September.

SNEED.—Medium; roundish; creamy ground with carmine markings; semi-cling; quality fair. Ripe a week before Alexander.

PEACH TREES

Two Year Old

3-4	ft.	Each \$.35	Per Doz. \$ 3.50 5.00 8.00	Per 100 \$27.50 37.50 65.00	Per 1,000 \$250.00 300.00 400.00
		1.00	11.00	90.00	600.00

IUNE BUD PEACHES

	Per 100	Per 1,000
6-12 in.	\$10.00	\$ 80.00
12-18 in.	12.00	100.00
18-24 in.		125.00
24-36 in.		150.00

APPLES

"An Apple a Day Keeps the Doctor Away"

What tastes better than fruit picked from your own trees? The fruit grower with a large commercial orchard should grow apples; the farmer in his home orchard should have apples; the owner of the small lot or suburban property should have a few apple trees in his yard. There is a ready market for all the surplus fruit a grower has. Our small town markets are never fully supplied with apples.

ROME BEAUTY.—Large, yellow, shaded red; tender, juicy, subacid. A leader in Ohio River District, Fall.

TOLMAN.—Medium, yellow and red, rich, sweet. The most valuable apple for baking, and otherwise fine. Summer.

WAGENER.—Good size, deep red in the sun; flesh firm; subacid, excellent. One of the earliest bearers, fruit often setting on trees still in the nursery rows. Summer.

WEALTHY.—Medium size, smooth, round, deep red; hand-

some and of fine quality. October to January.

ARKANSAS BLACK.—Dark red, almost black; medium to large size; of very attractive appearance; reaches perfection in the Pecos Valley of Texas and New Mexico. September to Oct.

BEN DAVIS.—The well-known standard variety. Medium to large; yellowish covered with red; flesh white; tree vigorous and productive, carrying its fruit well through the warm, dry summers of the Southwest. Ben Davis Apples grown in the Southwest, particularly in Texas, are much superior to those grown further north. September.

EARLY HARVEST.-Medium; bright straw color; tender, subacid; fine dessert and cooking apple. Must be handled very carefully for market. June.

GANO.—Large, roundish, oblong; very similar in every respect to Ben Davis, but of a rich red color. Largely planted in commercial orchards in the Southwest. September.

GRIMES.—A golden yellow apple that is an old favorite over the United States on account of its beauty and size. The tree is very productive and long lived; a splendid variety for commercial planting as well as for home orchards. September.

HORSE.—A popular Southern apple; large, oblong; yellow;

fine for cooking and drying. July.

JONATHAN.—One of the surest varieties; it never disappoints. A brilliant red with spicy flavor; a favorite with all lovers of juicy, acid apples. Highly profitable for markets and a splendid variety for the home orchard. Ripe in September. Bears young and is very prolific. If you have room for only one apple tree, Jonathan is the one you want.

DELICIOUS.—A remarkable variety rapidly taking first rank both for commercial and home orchards. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red; flesh fine grained, crisp, and melting; juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. A splendid shipper, bearing annually.

SAN JACINTO.—A very large Red June, coming in just as Red June goes out. Very productive; a variety of the highest merit both for table and market. One of the best apples for the Southwest. July.

BLEDSOE.—A Texas seedling. An apple of great merit for the Southwest. Large roundish: greenish striped and splashed with red; flesh white, subacid; vigorous, prolific. August and later.

DIXIE.—This beautiful yellow apple originated from seed of some fine apples from Kentucky, planted by Mrs. Emiline Burge, of Ector, Texas, in her garden in 1898. The fruit is a beautiful clear yellow, round, smooth, fine, subacid, and is excellent for cooking or eating. Ripe last of June.

LIVELAND.—The earliest good apple. Succeeds everywhere. Clear, waxen white, striped and marbled crimson; flesh snowwhite, often tinged pink next to the skin; tender and rich. Unusual beauty and fine quality combine with earliness and fine size.

TEXAS RED.—Originated in East Texas. Large; striped; ripe in September. A valuable keeping apple.

MAIDEN BLUSH.—Large, beautiful, blush cheek. Summer. NORTHERN SPY.—A well-known winter sort. A most delicious eating apple. Color yellow, striped with red. Tree hardy and productive.

MISSOURI PIPPIN.—Large; mostly red; good quality; an

early bearer; good keeper; fall.

YORK IMPERIAL -- An attractive red apple with faint stripes of darker red; good quality, crisp, firm, and of fine texture. The tree is long lived and bears freely and regularly. Succeeds well in the Southwest. York Imperial is an excellent apple for the commercial orchard because of its good shipping and keeping qualities. We have an excellent stock. September and October.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG.—Large; yellow, shaded red; flesh pale yellow, tender, juicy, mildly subacid, rich; tree vigorous and very productive when at full bearing age. A seedling of Winesap, succeeding over a wide range. September to December.

RED ASTRACHAN.—Medium; flat; deep crimson, occasionally greenish yellow in the shade; flesh white, moderately juicy; flavor quite acid, rich; very productive. July.

RED JUNE.—One of the best early apples for table and mar-

ket. Medium; deep red; flesh white, crisp, excellent. June.

STAYMAN WINESAP.—The largest of the Winesap family. It resembles the Winesap in color, being striped and splashed with dark crimson, although the color is not quite so brilliant. It is larger in size than the old Winesap and of better quality. For table use, Stayman Winesap is one of the best apples known. Late winter.

WINESAP.—One of the oldest of American apples and still increasing in favor. Its size, color, and particularly its quality, have given it the well-deserved popularity it has enjoyed. It is of medium size, vivid red, with a highly satisfying flavor. It is one of the best keepers of all the apples. It is an all-purpose apple, and a good one. September.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.—Widely known and well liked; large size; transparent yellow. Quality good; crisp, subacid, and very fragrant; an excellent cooker; fruit tender and requires careful handling. Tree bears young and is of rather dwarfish

growth; is extremely hardy. June.

TWO YEAR APPLE TREES

		Each	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1,000
2-3	ft.	\$.35	\$ 3.50	\$27.00	\$250.00
3-4	ft.		5.00	37.50	300.00
4-5	ft.	75	8.00	65.00	400.00
5-6	ft.	1.00	11.00	90.00	600.00

ONE YEAR APPLE TREES

		In Lots of 100 and Up	
		Per 100	Per 1,000
2-3	ft.	\$15.00	\$135.00
3-4	ft.	20.00	175.00
4-5	ft.	30.00	250.00

DEWBERRY, BLACKBERRY

We offer a full line of these plants in both sucker and

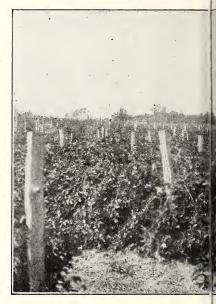
YOUNGBERRY

This is a grand new fruit; one we think it will pay you to try. They are hummers. They have made yields of 20,000 pints to the acre in California, and have made

big yields in Alabama and Georgia. We have fruited them this last spring on a small scale and we find them very fine.

Berries run about an inch long; are of purple color and have a very fine flavor and are very productive. When you eat them you think you have a nice, ripe, Red Raspberry instead of a dewberry. The vines grow very robust and make vines from 10 to 20 feet long in a season and are very hardy. We have reports

We have reports where they have withstood 20 below zero in the north.



Above you will see a picture of our 2 year old field which shows the writer in the background and gives you an idea how they grow and make vines.

Blackberry Plants.—Sucker Plants: Postpaid, 25, \$2.00; 50, \$3.50; 100, \$5.50. Express Collect, 250, \$5.50; 500, \$10.00; 1,000, \$20.00.

Varieties: Blowers, Dallas, Erie, Early Harvest, McDonald, Rathburn, Robinson, Snyder, Ward,.

Root cutting plants larger than above 20 per cent additional in price.

RASPBERRY PLANTS.— Post paid, 25, \$3.00; 50, \$5.50; 100, \$10.00. Express Collect, 250, \$13.00; 500, \$25.00; 1,000, \$45.00.

Varieties: Black Pearl, Cumberland, Kansas.

Transplants of above 20 per cent higher in value. A-bove are Black caps or black in color. Below is Red Raspberry list.

AND RASPBERRY PLANTS

nsplant sizes, and we will be glad to have your orders.

The one planting will last a lifetime. You need not set every few years, but cut out dead wood each year and next season pick another big crop of fine fruit.. We have never told our patrons to plant anything if we did



not consider it a good buy. We think enough of this berry to have set out eight acres of them, and we expect to increase our planting this coming spring.

Don't fail to set at least a few of them.

Season is in June with us; just a few weeks after the strawberry crop comes off.
In South Alabama

In South Alabama they have cleared from \$550.00 to \$650.00 per acre from them. In California, as high as \$1,000.00 per acre.

Better try them and get in on the ground floor. We price them in lots from one dozen up to 3,000. We hope

to have your orders.. Youngberry plants, post paid: doz., \$2.00; 25, \$4.50; 50, \$6.50; 100, \$10.00. By express collect: 250, \$14.00; 500, \$27.50; 1,000, \$50.00; 3,000, \$135.

Varieties: Cuthbert, St. Rigis, King, Latham.

If you want transplants of these add 20 per cent additional to order. The varieties listed do well in the south. If you only want a dozen plants of sort add 20 per cent over 25 price for half the lot.

NOTICE

If you should order fruit trees, other nursery stock and berry plants at one order, and don't receive all at one time the other stock will follow at an early date. We sometimes can dig berry plants when we can't dig other stock, so we may send part of the order and the rest will follow soon. If this should happen don't be alarmed, as other stock will come out on short notice. We hope to have your order soon and we thank you for past favors.

PLUMS

AMERICA.—Successfull anywhere. The fruit is always in demand and prices are good. Bears very young and enormous crops of perfect fruit. This wonderful plum should be in every orchard.

SIX WEEKS.—The earliest of all plums. Large; oblong, brilliant red; flesh pink; seed small. Ripe May 20 to June 1. The tree is vigorous, upright in growth, and very prolific.

DAMSON.—A medium sized, dark purple variety which is very productive; esteemed for preserving and good for eating out of hand. Ripens late August to early September.

ABUNDANCE.—One of the most dependable of the plums. Bears year in and year out. Large size; cherry red; firm and sweet; carries well. Middle of June.

BURBANK.—J. Extremely popular in all sections. Richly colored red mottled and dotted with yellow. A very heavy bearer. Ripe in July.

GOLDEN BEAUTY.—An old favorite. Medium size; golden yellow when ripe; quality good. Very heavy bearer; ripens late. August to September.

RED JUNE.—One of the most popular of the early plums. A dark red color, showy and attractive; excellent quality. Tree hardy and a sure bearer.

WICKSON.—Large size; heart-shaped, bright red, with heavy bloom; flesh yellow, melting, and good. Tree an upright, vigorous grower. July.

WILD GOOSE.—An old, well-known variety. Medium size; red on yellow background. Fine for preserving and jellies. June.

PEARS

The pear is adapted to widely varying soils and conditions. No home can afford to be without a few pear trees.

BARTLETT.—Clear, lemon-yellow with soft blush. Buttery, juicy, and highly flavored. The most popular of all pears. July to August.

GARBER.—Should be planted in the South where other pears will not grow, especially in connection with the Kieffer. The Garber is a large yellow pear with red cheek. It keeps remarkably well and is a splendid shipping pear. August.

KEIFFER.—The best known of all pears. Very large; yellow, successful everywhere. Should be gathered when mature and allowed to ripen in storage. Tree very vigorous, resisting blight; ornamental, and immensely productive. Garber should be planted with Keiffer to insure best pollenizing. August to September.

MAGNOLIA.—A beautiful yellow russet pear; globular; large and showy. Fine for canning, preserving, and when fully ripe for eating. A young and abundant bearer.

WILDER.—Small to medium; bell-shaped, fine-grained, tender, and juicy; color greenish yellow with red cheek. Tree hardy and a young bearer of heavy crops. June to July.

BARTLETT.—Large, buttery, juicy, high flavored, great bearer; very popular. August and September.

APRICOTS

Apricots succeed best in West and should be planted only in limited numbers in other sections. All varieties listed ripen in June and July and a few trees are worth while in every orchard.

MOORPARK.—Large; yellowish green, with brownish red on sunny side, marked with dark specks; flesh bright orange; sep-

arates readily from seed. Grown largely for commercial purposes, especially for canning and drying. Tree vigorous and prolific.

ROYAL.—A European variety; large; slightly oval; dull yellow with red next the sun; flesh orange, with rich flavor. An important commercial variety, producing fruits freely, and of a quality that appeals to the buyer of high-grade stock.

EARLY MAY.—Medium to small, light orange, yellow, flecked with red; flesh tender, juicy, sweet, and of good quality; productive. May.

TOYAHVALE.—This is a remarkable Russian seedling. Originated by C. W. Griffin, of Toyahvale, Texas. Blooms very late, hence the best variety for general planting. Fruit medium size, yellow, and of fine flavor. The original tree stands 2 feet in diameter of trunk, 50 feet spread of limbs, and bears enormously.

MULBERRIES

Fine for shade and the fruit is quite valuable for hogs and chickens. An ideal tree for planting in the poultry yard. Another very excellent place for planting mulberry trees is near your small fruit garden. The birds are fond of mulberries and will eat them instead of the small fruits.

DOWNING.-Large, rich, subacid. Ripe in June and July.

HICKS' EVERBEARING.—In fruit for several months, ripening in June, July, and August. Very prolific; fruit large, black, and sweet. Does well all over the south.

RUSSIAN .-- A good bearer. July and August.

PEAR, PLUM, APRICOT, AND MULBERRY TREES

		Each	Per Doz.	Per 100
2-3	ft.	 \$.50	\$ 5.00	\$ 35.00
3-4	ft.	 75	8.00	45.00
4-5	ft.	 1.00	10.00	85.00
5-6	ft.	 1.25	14.00	100.00

FIGS

The fig is half hardy and luxuriant in growth, the blooms being inside of what we term the fruit.

MAGNOLIA.—Large; pale violet of the Adriatic class; flavor excellent; bears on one year stems. Largely grown in commercial orchards.

BROWN TURKEY.—Adriatic. Medium; violet brown; sweet and good. Has the habit of bearing on the new shoots, even in the nursery row.

BRUNSWICK.—Large; irregular; light violet; quality excellent. Very reliable and prolific.

FIG TREES

		Each	Per Doz.
1-2	ft.	\$.50	\$ 6.00
			8.50
		1.00	11.00

CHERRIES

Cherries are one of the most universally popular of all fruits. The sour Cherries are more successful further South.

BLACK TARTARIAN.—Large; black; heart-shaped; very

juicy and sweet.

EARLY RICHMOND.—Medium size, clear red, and quite

ENGLISH MORELLO.—Very dark sour cherry; latest to ripen. One of the best cooking cherries. Dwarfish growing tree. Especially good for garden planting.

MONTMORENCY ORDINAIRE.—Large, red, acid, exceed-

ingly productive. Late June.

DYEHOUSE.—A sure bearer, largely planted for early market; ripening a week before Early Richmond, which it closely resembles. June.

SWEET CHERRIES

BING.—Very large, dark brown—almost black; flesh firm, sweet, rich, and delicious. One of the most profitable sorts. July.

GOVERNOR WOOD.—Large, round, dark, heart-shaped; yellow, mottled with red; flesh sweet, juicy, and delicious. Fruit hangs well on tree. June.

CHERRY TREES

		Each	Per Doz.	Per 100
2-3	ft.	\$.75	\$ 8.00	\$ 55.00
3-4	ft.	1.00	10.00	70.00
4-5	ft.	1.50	15.00	100.00

GRAPES

The grape is probably one of the first fruits, if not the very first, used and brought into cultivation, and yet we are continually adding finer varieties to the long list of successful kinds. There is scarcely a farm between the Gulf of Mexico and Canada on which some varieties of grapes cannot be grown successfully. Grapes are wonderfully successful when planted for commercial purposes and there is no fruit more satisfactory for home use. By chemical analysis good ripe grapes have been found to supply a greater percentage of sugar and muscle-building material per pound than any other fruit. Home made grape juice, jelly, and preserves can be made from just a few vines in the back yard, if you have not space to grow grapes in quantities for the markets. Profits of \$200.00 to \$500.00 per acre frequently result from grape vineyards.

BRILLIANT.—Special. A very strong grower; endures all climates well. Clusters large, often shouldered, open to compact. Berries large, light to dark red, translucent with a thin bloom, and very handsome; skin thin, rather tender, but seldom cracks; pulp meaty, yet tender, melting and delicious, having taste of Delaware.Ripe in midseason

CAMPBELL EARLY.—Clusters very large with large shoulder; berry black; of somewhat less pulp and better quality than Concord; a very showy, salable grape of the Concord type. Ripe

with Moore Early.

CARMAN.—One of the most profitable and popular varieties; splendid as a table grape as well as for grape juice, preserves, and jelly. Cluster very large, sometimes weighing two pounds; shouldered; very compact. Berries medium size, black with thin bloom; skin tough and thin, never cracks; pulp meaty, firm but tender when fully ripe; of splendid quality—far superior to Concord. Ripe in July.

IVES.—Bunch and berry medium in size; dark purple color; very acid until fully ripe; a good ordinary variety. Mid season.

DELAWARE.—Small, clear red, and of the very finest flavor; a standard of excellence for table grapes and for marketing. Last of July.

MOORE EARLY.—Very large, early, black, of fine quality; a fine market grape; very healthy and prolific.

R. W. MUNSON.—Special. Medium to large bunch; berry black; does not crack; pulp tender and quality good; ripens before Concord. Should be planted near Concord or Brilliant for pollination.

CONCORD.—The best known of all varieties of grapes; large, black; suited for table or market. Ripe in July.

NIAGARA.—Large, greenish white, semi-transparent; quality good; a seedling of Concord; successful over a wide range of territory. Midseason.

SCUPPERNONG.—First found on an island in the Scuppernong River in North Carolina. It is the only white grape ever found wild. Ripe in August and September.

GRAPES — ALL VARIETIES

	Each	Per-Doz.	Per 100
One year	3 5	\$3.00	\$17.50
Two year		6.00	32.50

CURRANTS

This fruit can be grown with success. They do best in cool, moist, loamy soil, where they must be well cultivated and fertilized.

CHERRY.—Very large; red, rather acid; bushes short, erect, stout, vigorous, and productive.

FAY.—Very large; red; fine flavor; a great market currant; universally praised. Bush a cross between Cherry and Victoria, and very prolific.

LONDON.—Rather small; red; excellent for market and kitchen; ships any distance. Bush hardy and is planted extensively in northern climates; retains its foliage; long clusters, and productive.

PERFECTION.—Large; upright; red; quality very superior. rich, mild, subacid. Bush good grower and healthy foliage; long clusters, and productive.

GOOSEBERRIES

DOWNING.—Called "the Great American Gooseberry." The most widely grown gooseberry. Bush is a strong upright grower, and very productive; fruit roundish oval; color a pale green; very juicy.

HOUGHTON.—An early variety; fruit round and dark red when ripe; skin thin; juicy; sweet.

GOOSEBERRIES AND CURRANTS

NUTS

Nut-growing should be an important industry in all parts of the South. Our climate, soil, and moisture conditions are specially adapted to this phase of agriculture. One or two trees are worth having on a small place, while a large grove is one of the most valuable assets on a Southern plantation. As a food product nuts rank with meats and cereals, and can be served in many appetizing ways.

PECANS

Why We Recommend Budded and Grafted

Pecan Trees Exclusively

No planted pecan nut will reproduce the parent tree in all respects. You might plant the largest pecan nut in the world and when it came to bear the nuts would be the smallest you ever saw. There's a reason, and it is this: Budded and grafted trees have been improved only in recent years and the tendency in pecans, as in all other things, is to breed back to the way they were produced for the longest period of time.

In all sections of the South pecan trees are making records as to regular bearing. Many have planted them in actual tests and in all cases the trees have come into bearing early, borne bigger and finer pecans and more of them. Thousands of young pecan trees actually bloom and bear in the nursery row—trees often not as high as your head. Buds and grafts are selected from early and heavy bearing parent trees instead of being taken from nur sery trees that have never borne. In the end quality counts every time. It actually costs you no more to dig the hole and plant the finest and best trees properly than it does the sorriest cull on the market. It takes no more land. Results are what count. You will be pleased with our trees.

A Substantial Life Income

And a handsome inheritance for life for those who are dearest to you! Think what it means! Think what it means to be independent, to be able to look into the future without fear of old age, failing health, accident, increasing family responsibilities, money panics, uncongenial employment troubles which overtake 98 people out of every 100. Can you afford to put it off another year?

Plant your pecan orchard now.

BURKETT.—Large, almost round, shell thin, Flavor excellent. One of the best. Bears young and every year, fine.

HALBERT.—Almost round, medium size. Flavor highest. Perhaps the youngest bearer known. Prolific. An all-around pecan. Very thin shell.

TEXAS PROLIFIC.—Large, rather long. Thin shell, fine kernel. Bears young. Heavy and sure bearer.

SUCCESS.—A fine nut of oblong shape, tree making a fine upright growth; a regular producer; you will be pleased with it.

MONEY MAKER.—A very popular nut and planted largely by all planters; the tree is a vigorous grower; nuts of good size; paper shell nuts.

DELMAS.—Large; good quality; shell medium; fills well. Tree strong, healthy; a young and prolific bearer. One of the best commercial varieties.

FROTSCHER.—Originated in Louisiana. Nuts cylindrical slightly tapering; shell thin, parting easily from the kernel; of delicate flavor and fine quality. Tree thrifty and productive. One of the best.

SCHLEY.—Medium long; pointed; shell thin; meat plump, full, separating easily; quality best.

STUART.—Introduced by the late W. R. Stuart, of Ocean Springs, Mississippi. A standard among high-class pecans for commercial orchards. Nut large, well shaped, and of fine appearance; meaty; reasonably thin shell; well flavored. The best pecan for either commercial or home growing.

VAN DEMAN.—Large, oblong, shell moderately thin; cracks and separates well; meat plump, full, and of good quality.

PECAN TREES, BUDDED

	Each	Per Doz.	Per 100
18-24 in	\$1.10	\$12.00	\$ 75.00
2-3 ft	1.60	18.00	140.00
3-4 ft	2.10	24.00	190.00
4-5 ft	2.50		240.00
5-6 ft	3.00		285.00
6-7 ft	3.50		340.00
7-8 ft	4.00		390.00

EVERGREENS

Home builders of the Southwest have not realized the importance of properly planting evergreens. Every landscape should contain a few evergreen trees and shrubs and give the effect of life in the dead of winter. On some types of houses an entire foundation of evergreen is most attractive; locate them properly, and give them the right kind of treatment, and you will be delighted with the results.

ARBOR VITÆ, CHINESE.—Tall growing, forming a pyramidal shape. Foliage dark green, compact; excellent for group planting with other evergreens.

ARBOR VITÆ, GLOBE.—A dwarf evergreen of naturally round shape, with dense light green foliage.

ARBOR VITÆ, ROSEDALE.—Bluish gray, feathery foliage, giving a soft effect. Fine to use in connection with either shrub or evergreen planting.

ARBOR VITÆ, CHINESE GOLDEN.—Of upright and compact habit, and of a rich golden color. While of free growth, it rarely attains great height.

ARBOR VITÆ, BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN.—An attractive variety of dwarf habit with exceedingly compact, well rounded heads, tipped with golden color.

CEDAR, RED.—Foliage dark green, seeds in silvery blue pods. Gives best effect when allowed to branch from ground. Well known Southern cedar.

MAGNOLIA, GRANDIFLORA.—The grandest of all evergreen and flowering trees; hardy in this latitude.

JUNIPER, CANADENSIS.—An evergreen of unusual form, having no main stem; branches in all directions with long, heavy foliaged branches of graceful curves; grows to about two feet in height and spreads to six feet in maturity.

JUNIPER, IRISH.—Slender, tall growing; foliage a bluish green; good evergreen for planting in cemeteries or other places where a formal effect is desired.

PINE, ARKANSAS.—Grows very rapidly, attaining height of 25 to 30 feet; unexcelled for lawn planting and in groups for screens and borders.

SPRUCE, BLACK HILLS.—A beautiful tree with growing branches and fine yew-like foliage; perfectly hardy.

WAX LIGUSTRUM UPRIGHT.—A beautiful upright growing wax leaf evergreen that will fit in with your planting and will please.

BAKER COMPACTA GOLDEN ARBOR VITÆ.—A fine variety, making a nice smooth compact growth; inclined to spread out in its growth, making a beautiful plant.

MAYHEW GOLDEN ARBOR VITÆ.—Of upright growth; a beautiful golden color; hardy and will grow anywhere other arbor vitae will; your planting should not be without them.

BONITA ARBOR VITÆ.—A thick heavy compact growth, green in color, often growing to a spread of three feet or more and when full grown never over three or four feet high.

HILL'S PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITÆ.—An upright grower, always making a beautiful plant that will please you.

RAMSEY ARBOR VITÆ.—Of an upright growth; has a beautiful green foliage, holding its color well during the winter months; a plant that you will be pleased with.

LIGUSTRUM.—Used almost exclusively as hedge plant and is hardy and quite satisfactory; foliage dark green, almost evergreen.

EUONYMUS.—Hardy ornamental plant with rich, handsome foliage; luxurious growth, naturally beautiful shape, can be made any desired form by trimming; has glistening small round leaves and red berries.

WAX LEAF LIGUSTRUM.—A beautiful, large leaf, glossy evergreen that will please you in every way.

LUCIDUM LIGUSTRUM.—A good evergreen that will please you; a rapid grower.

ABELIA GR.—A beautiful evergreen shrub, holding its color all winter, producing pretty white blossoms late summer.

All evergreens balled and burlapped.

8-12 in., each	\$1.50
12-18 in., each	2.00
18-24 in., each	2.50
24-30 in., each	3.50
30-36 in., each	4.50
36-42 in., each	6.00
42-48 in each	7.50

SPREADING JUNIPERS

PFITZERIANA JUNIPER.—A fine spreading evergreen often growing to a spread of four to six feet; has a beautiful green color.

J. PROSTATA JUNIPER.—Of a good growing habit; hardy evergreen making a good spread that will please you.

8-12	in.	spread,	each	\$2.00
12-18	in.	spread,	each	3.00
				3.50
24-30	in.	spread.	each	5.00

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Shrubbery is invaluable for a great variety of ornamental plantings, most homes, whether in country, town, or suburb can be much improved in appearance, and enhanced in value by a judicious planting of shrubbery. Shrubs are valuable for massing against foundation walls, along driveways, in the bends of walks, for screening unsightly buildings or other objects, in the corners of lawns and along boundary lines.

ALTHEA OR ROSE OF SHARON.—One of the hardiest shrubs grown; there is no plant that will give better results as single specimens or grouping; plants bloom from early summer to autumn; red, pink, white and purple.

TAMARIX.—Tall, graceful, with juniper-like foliage and a great profusion of delicate rose-purple flowers covering the entire surface. A handsome shrub at all seasons.

WEIGELIA.—Elegant, with fine rose colored flowers, hardy, and blooms when quite small. One of the most popular and satisfactory shrubs.

BARBERRY THUNBERGIA.—A beautiful low spreading shrub with yellow flowers and thorns to the stems. Often used for hedges, as no animal will go through it and few over.

BARBERRY, RED .- This is a new plant, has all red leaves; a

beautiful plant; something new; hardy and a good grower; you will be pleased with it.

Each Per Doz. \$11.00

BUDDLEIA VARIABILIS.—A shrub not so well known but which stands the heat and drouth of summer remarkably well. A strong grower, often attaining a height of six to eight feet. Foliage dark green and very heavy. Thoroughout the entire summer flowers of violet-purple with orange throat; very fragrant; are borne in long plumes.

LILAC.—One of the oldest yet most popular of shrubs; in fragrance and beauty this bush is unsurpassed and is very hardy; white, purple, and other shades; blooms April and May.

CHASTE TREE.—A valuable small tree with sage-like foliage; especially attractive because of its pale lilac flowers which are produced in long spikes and which last a long time. Will grow where ordinary shrubs fail.

DEUTZIA.—An upright, thrifty shrub, with a profusion of delicate beautiful white and pink flowers in spring.

SPIREA, VAN HOUTTI.—The well-known bridal wreath widely grown favorite with dense foliage. Flowers cover entire plant, making long gracefully curving branches of snow-white blossoms. Blooms in early spring, prolonged season. Leaves persistent in fall; a desirable feature. The finest of Spirea and the standby for planting of flowering shrubs. Good among evergreen for contrast. Fill low places admirably and make excellent borders or informal hedges. Beautiful for garden specimens in large clumps.

SPIREA, ANTHONY WATERER.—Beautiful low-growing bushy profuse blooming plant; color beautiful rose shade.

SPIREA BALLARDII.—One of the best pink flowering shrubs; fast grower, profuse bloomer; fine for beds; grows four to five feet.

SPIREA, PINK.—A beautiful shrub that will make a good growth and will please you.

SPIREA THUNBERGIA.—A good early blooming plant; the first of the spirea family to bloom; has a pretty white bloom some ten days before Van Houtti.

SNOWBERRY.—Of rather dwarfish growth; very graceful branches; the large white berries are very attractive.

PRIDE OF ROCHESTER.—Double flowers, white tinged with pink.

GOLDEN BELL.—A good plant; one of the first plants to bloom; yellow; should be planted in every collection.

JAPAN QUINCE.—A pretty shrub; healthy and easy to grow early summer bloomer; nice to have in your collection.

DOGWOOD.—Shrub or small tree with spreading branches.

DOGWOOD.—Shrub or small tree with spreading branches, white flowers.

DOGWOOD, RED.—Red bark; white flowers; splendid for planting near lakes and streams.

ELDER, GOLDEN.—Golden leaves; black berries; very attractive, especially in connection with the deep green of other shrubs; must be planted in sunlight to secure the best color effects.

BUTTERFLY BUSH.—Blooms continuously throughout the summer; flowers resemble the lilac.

CALYCANTHUS.—Low-growing shrub, with very sweet-scented flowers; sometimes called "the Sweet Shrub." Must be planted in partial shade, as it cannot stand the hot dry summers of the Southwest without special care.

CRAB, BECHTEL'S FLOWERING.—Flowers large and of a beautiful shade of pink; of more dwarf growth than some of the other varieties of the Flowering Crab.

CRAB, DOUBLE-FLOWERING.—A small tree, beautiful in early spring, with its rose-colored blossoms.

CRAPE MYRTLE.—The most gorgeous of all blooming shrubs for the Southewst. Blooms throughout the entire summer; withstands drouth wonderfully. Crape Myrtle is very effective for hedges and is at its best when pruned every winter and not allowed to grow in tree form. We can furnish Pink, Light Pink, Red, Purple, and White.

Prices given below cover all shrubs listed on pages 21 and 22 excepting Red Barberry.

		Each	Per Doz.
1-2	ft.	 \$.75	\$ 8.50
2-3	ft.	 1.00	11.50
3-4	ft.	 1.50	17.50

HYDRANGEA

PAICULATA GRANDIFLORA.—A fine, hardy shrub, growing to the height of eight or ten feet; flower white, great pyramidal panicles a foot long, produced in August or September, when most other shrubs are out of bloom.

SNOWBALL (Viburnum Opulus Sterile).—An old-time favorite. Rather tall growing; foliage large and coarse; showy flowers in large white "balls" in April.

	Each	Per Doz.
1-2- ft	\$1.00	\$11.00
2-3 ft	1.25	14.00
3-4 ft	1.75	18.00

AMOOR RIVER PRIVIT, NORTH.—Erect habit; almost evergreen. More hardy than California, or Amoor River Privit South.

		Ea	ich Per 100
1-2	ft		20 \$17.00
2-3	ft.		25 22.50
3-4	ft		35 30.00

AMOOR RIVER PRIVIT, SOUTH.—The Chinese variety; very hardy; has dark green leaves, which persist through the winter. Where a stiff, upright hedge is wanted nothing surpasses the Amoor.

	Per	100
1-2 ft.	\$10	.00
	18	

CALIFORNIA PRIVIT.—This is a vigorous growing plant, nearly evergreen; has thick, glossy foliage of rich green, which hangs on the plants all winter. Can be pruned any shape.

		Pe	er 100
1-2	ft		9.00
3-4	ft.		1).00

HONEYSUCKLE

RED TARTARIAN.—One of the best species, 8 to 10 feet tall. Its fine pink flowers in late spring contrast beautifully with its bright green foliage, but its chief charm is its wealth of orange or red berries, which literally cover the plants in summer and autumn, and make a most glorious show.

PINK TARTARIAN.—Bears a profusion of pink flowers. Otherwise the same as the red, a faded out pink.

WHITE TARTARIAN.—A beautiful tall bush, with creamy white flowers in May and June. Like the others, it bears great ropes of brilliant red berries in late summer.

MORROW'S.-Grows only 4 to 6 feet tall and spreading. It is valued chiefly for the brilliant red fruits which appear in August.

		Each	Per Doz.
2-3	ft.	 \$1.00	\$11.00
3-4	ft.	 1.50	15.00

SWEET POTATO PLANTS

Yes, we grow them and we ship into the following States: Texas, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Kansas, and Arkansas. We do not ship potato plants to any other states. We grow three varieties, the best for the southwest, and any of them will do well with you.

NANCY HALL, an early white potato; a very productive

sort and skin is of pinkish white. People who like a potato not

so wet or sweet will want them.

PORTO RICAN, This sort is a wet-like potato; when baked they are like honey and are very sweet; the same season with Nancy Hall; very productive.

BUNCH PORTO RICAN, This potato makes vines about

BUNCH PORTO RICAN, This potato makes vines about 18 inches long and is a fine potato; it is a better potato to my notion than the two above. They are very productive and very sweet; fine for baking.

We will bed a large lot and use the best grade of seed stock. We think our potato plants will be as nearly free of disease as any grown but in no way do we guarantee the crop. We will be glad to have your order. Will start shipments about March 30th and ship to June 20th.

. Prices: Nancy Hall, Post Paid, 100, 75c; 300, \$1.25; 500, \$1.75. Express Collect, 1,000, \$2.50; 5,000, \$11.00; 10,000, \$2.100.

\$21.00.

Porto Rican. Post Paid 100, 75c; 300, \$1.25; 500, \$1.75. Express Collect, 1,000, \$2.50; 5,000, \$11.00; 10,000, \$21.00. Bunch Porto Rican. Post Paid, 100, \$1.00; 300, \$2.00; 500,

\$2.75. Express Collect, 1,000, \$4.50; 5,000,\$22.00; 10,000, \$40.00

A FEW MORE WORDS ABOUT OUR STOCK

Every article we sell you is packed free of charge and we guarantee safe arrival, if sent by mail or express. If you are a new patron all it will take to make you a satisfied patron is to try us, as we at all times make every one a satisfied patron. If any complaints must be made, we ask it at once on receipt of goods and if just

we shall take pleasure in making same good at once.

We know that all of our old patrons will favor us as in the past with their trade and we hope to win many new patrons again this season. We thank one and all for past pavors and we trust we may be favored with

your orders again this season.

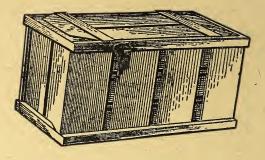
If plants are wanted C. O. D., we ask at least half cash with order. We will book any order if 25 per cent of cash is sent with order and balance before shipment of stock. If you want a larger lot of stock, send list of wants for special prices. With very best wishes I am.

Yours for better plants,

J. A. BAUER. Lock Box 168, Judsonia, Ark.

American Ventilated

24 Quart Berry Crate



Universal Folding

24 Quart Berry Crate

Sweet Potato Crates

Tomato Crates and Lugs

Metal Rim Berry Cups, Pint and Quart Wood Rim Berry Cups, Pint and Quart

Three Quart Tills

Let us send you sample and quote you prices

ENTERPRISE BOX CO.

Judsonia,

Arkansas